Table 14. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by time, hours on the job, and day of week and major industry sector, 2009 South Carolina-private industry

Characteristic	Private industry 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 2,3	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total service providing	Trade, transport- ation, and utilities ⁴	Informa- tion	Financial activities	Profes- sional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total [11,000 cases]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Time of event:													
12:01 A.M. to 4:00 A.M	3.0	4.7			7.1	2.5	2.3				3.6	1.8	10.0
4:01 A.M. to 8:00 A.M	9.5	8.2			11.2	9.9	14.1		18.9	7.9	8.5	2.7	
8:01 A.M. to 12:00 noon	34.9	29.7	33.3	29.9	29.4	36.4	43.5	36.0	10.8	34.3	34.5	28.6	30.0
12:01 P.M. to 4:00 P.M	18.2	19.1		18.2	20.6	17.8	15.9	40.0	32.4	19.3	15.8	14.3	25.0
4:01 P.M. to 8:00 P.M	10.8	9.4		10.4	9.4	11.1	8.4	16.0		12.1	12.7	18.8	
8:01 P.M. to 12:00 midnight	7.1	5.1			7.6	7.6	5.8			5.7	4.8	23.2	
Not reported	16.5	23.4	33.3	40.3	14.7	14.4	10.1		32.4	19.3	19.4	10.7	25.0
Hours on the job before event occurred:													
Before shift began	0.4					0.4							
Less than 1 hour	8.0	8.2			10.6	7.9	7.2	8.0	18.9	7.9	5.5	9.8	10.0
1 hour to less than 2 hours	11.5	7.0			9.4	12.9	17.3		8.1	10.7	4.8	17.0	15.0
2 hours to less than 4 hours	23.7	19.5		20.8	19.4	25.1	32.9	32.0		15.7	23.0	23.2	
4 hours to less than 6 hours	17.0	16.4		7.8	20.0	17.3	10.7	32.0	16.2	20.7	20.6	25.0	15.0
6 hours to less than 8 hours	11.2	10.9		7.8	12.4	11.2	10.1			12.9	13.9	10.7	20.0
8 hours to less than 10 hours	7.5	11.3		14.3	10.0	6.3	3.7	20.0	16.2	8.6	8.5	2.7	
10 hours to less than 12 hours	1.8	2.7			2.4	1.5	0.9			3.6	1.8		
12 hours to less than 16 hours	0.4					0.4	0.6						
More than 16 hours													
Not reported	18.5	23.4	44.4	40.3	14.7	17.0	16.1		32.4	19.3	19.4	10.7	25.0
Day of week:													
Sunday	4.2	2.0			2.4	4.9	3.2			4.3	4.8	12.5	
Monday	21.3	18.0		16.9	19.4	22.1	20.7	8.0	40.5	35.7	15.2	18.8	15.0
Tuesday	15.2	17.2		10.4	20.6	14.6	13.0	16.0	8.1	14.3	18.2	13.4	35.0
Wednesday	22.3	19.5	22.2	18.2	20.0	23.1	30.8	8.0	13.5	13.6	24.2	16.1	20.0
Thursday	15.1	17.2	44.4	13.0	17.1	14.4	13.0	28.0	27.0	9.3	18.8	12.5	10.0
Friday	12.5	12.1		10.4	12.9	12.7	13.3	36.0		12.9	7.3	17.0	
Saturday	9.5	14.1		28.6	7.6	8.2	6.1		8.1	10.7	11.5	9.8	

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System --* United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.